

If aliens did visit us, I'd be embarrassed to tell them we still dig up fossil fuels from the ground as a source of energy.

Neil deGrasse Tyson



Arizona State University
SES 194

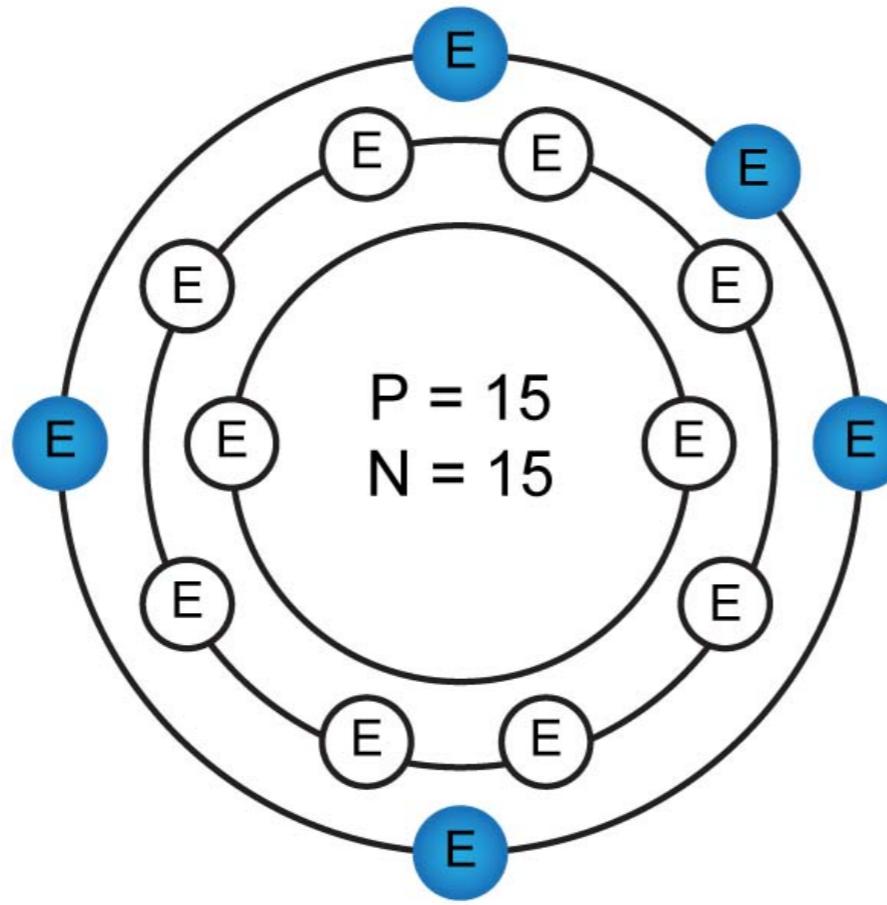
Energy in Everyday Life

Valence Electrons

Frank Timmes

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The chemical properties of atoms are determined by the configuration of the outermost electrons in an atom.

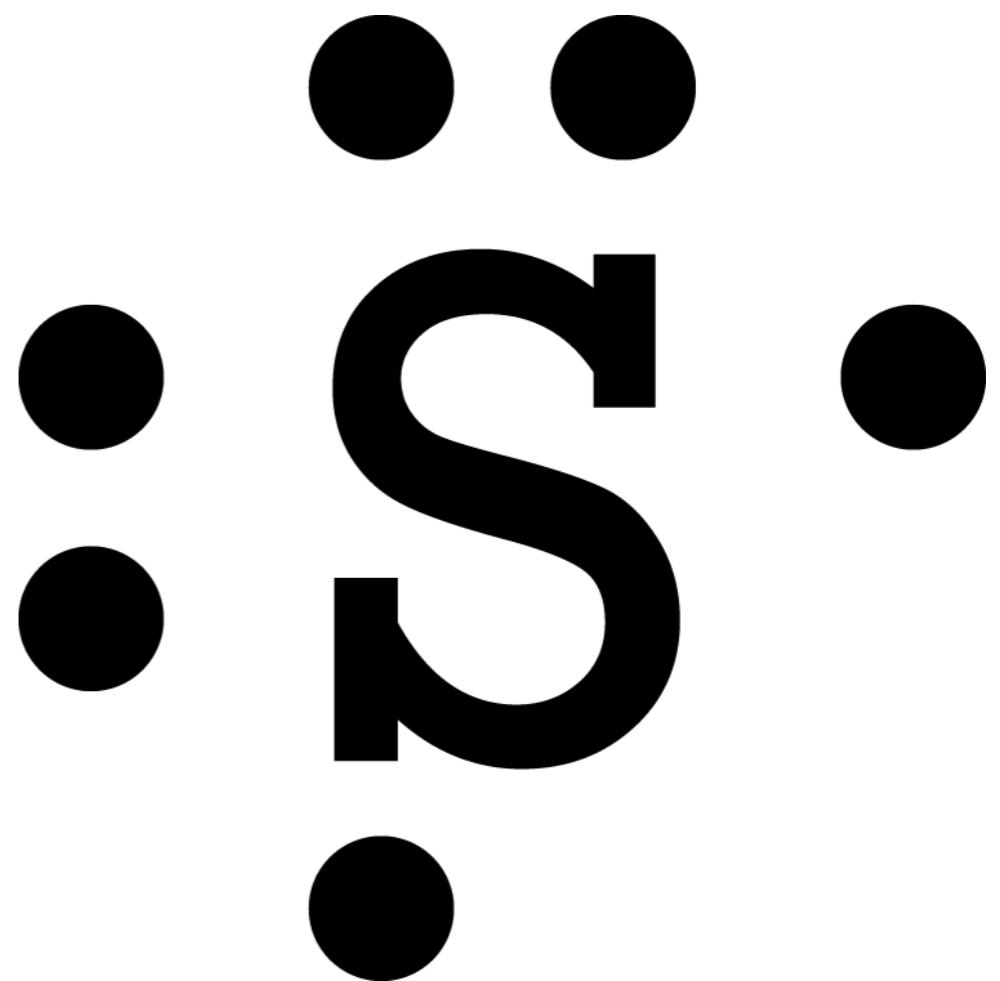
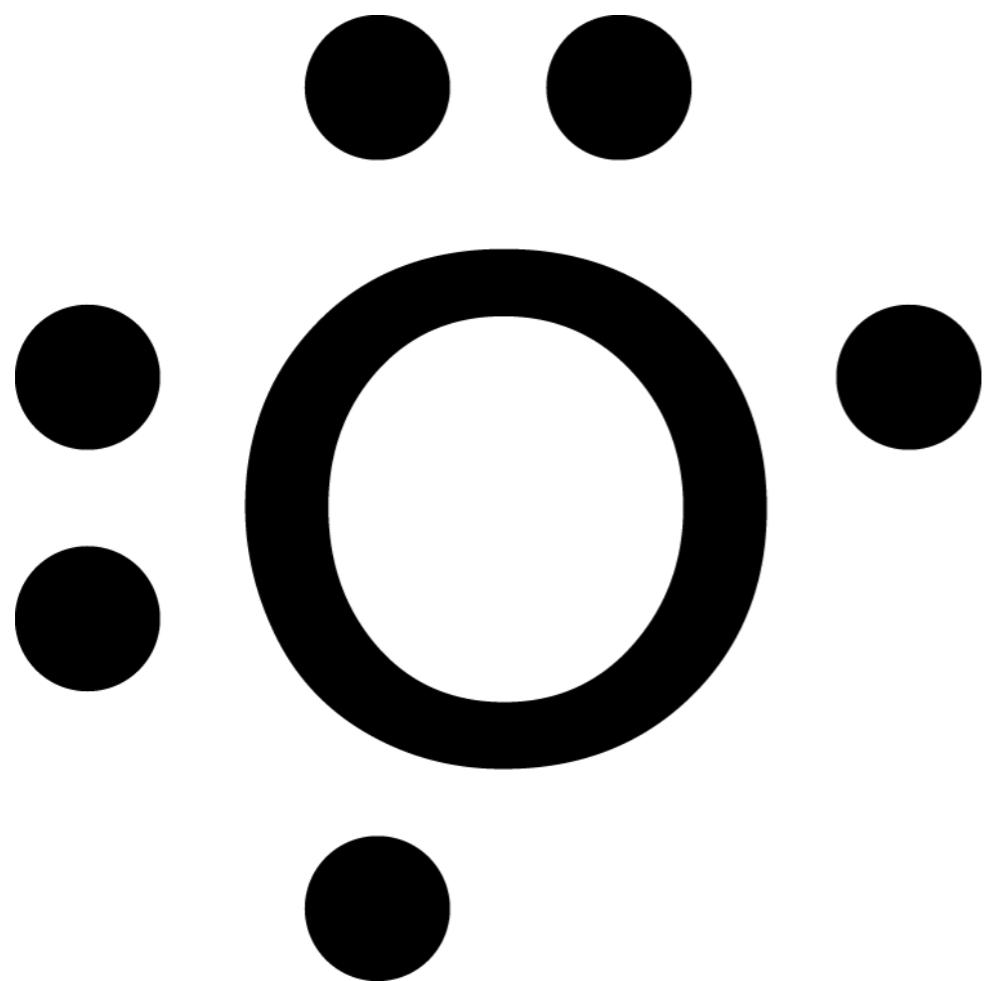


Phosphorus

15 Protons
15 Neutrons
15 Electrons
5 Valence Electrons

If the outer electron configuration of two atoms are the same, they will combine with still other atoms in about the same way.

These atoms will thus form similar chemical compounds, have similar physical characteristics (e.g., boiling points), and take similar amounts of energy to remove an outer electron from atoms with similar outer shell configurations.



Atoms appearing in the columns of the periodic table of the elements exhibit similar chemical behaviors.

1

8

1 H Hydrogen 1.00794	2	3 Li Lithium 6.941	4 Be Beryllium 9.012182	11 Na Sodium 22.989770	12 Mg Magnesium 24.3050	19 K Potassium 39.0983	20 Ca Calcium 40.078	21 Sc Scandium 44.955910	22 Ti Titanium 47.867	23 V Vanadium 50.9415	24 Cr Chromium 51.9961	25 Mn Manganese 54.938049	26 Fe Iron 55.845	27 Co Cobalt 58.933200	28 Ni Nickel 58.6934	29 Cu Copper 63.546	30 Zn Zinc 65.39	31 Ga Gallium 69.723	32 Ge Germanium 72.61	33 As Arsenic 74.92160	34 Se Selenium 78.96	35 Br Bromine 79.904	36 Kr Krypton 83.80
37 Rb Rubidium 85.4678	38 Sr Strontium 87.62	39 Y Yttrium 88.90585	40 Zr Zirconium 91.224	41 Nb Niobium 92.90638	42 Mo Molybdenum 95.94	43 Tc Technetium (98)	44 Ru Ruthenium 101.07	45 Rh Rhodium 102.90550	46 Pd Palladium 106.42	47 Ag Silver 107.8682	48 Cd Cadmium 112.411	49 In Indium 114.818	50 Sn Tin 118.710	51 Sb Antimony 121.760	52 Te Tellurium 127.60	53 I Iodine 126.90447	54 Xe Xenon 131.29						
55 Cs Cesium 132.90545	56 Ba Barium 137.327	57 La Lanthanum 138.9055	72 Hf Hafnium 178.49	73 Ta Tantalum 180.9479	74 W Tungsten 183.84	75 Re Rhenium 186.207	76 Os Osmium 190.23	77 Ir Iridium 192.217	78 Pt Platinum 195.078	79 Au Gold 196.96655	80 Hg Mercury 200.59	81 Tl Thallium 204.3833	82 Pb Lead 207.2	83 Bi Bismuth 208.98038	84 Po Polonium (209)	85 At Astatine (210)	86 Rn Radon (222)						
87 Fr Francium (223)	88 Ra Radium (226)	89 Ac Actinium (227)	104 Rf Rutherfordium (261)	105 Db Dubnium (262)	106 Sg Seaborgium (263)	107 Bh Bohrium (262)	108 Hs Hassium (265)	109 Mt Meitnerium (266)	110 (269)	111 (272)	112 (277)	113 (277)	114 (277)										

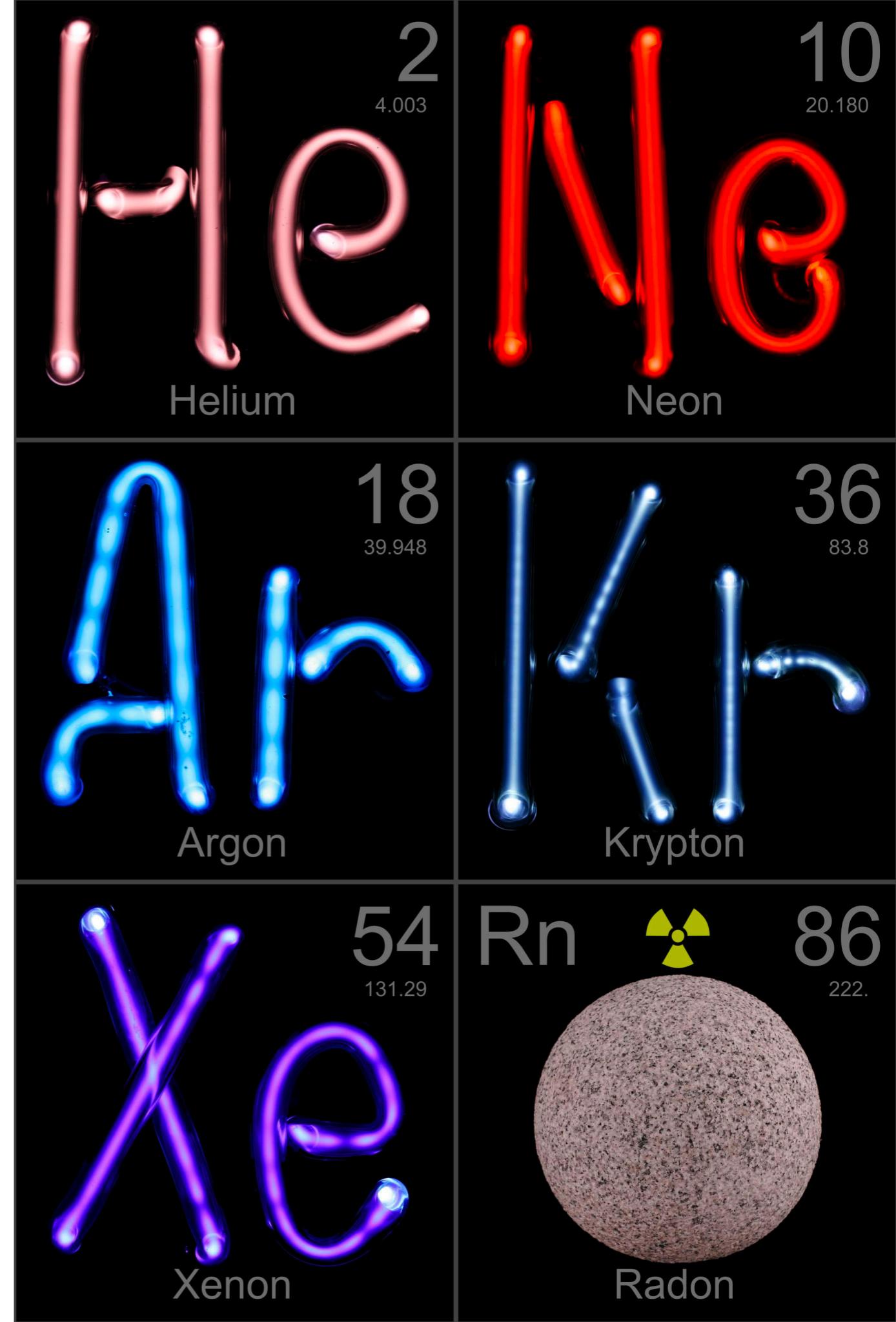
+1 +2

58 Ce Cerium 140.116	59 Pr Praseodymium 140.90765	60 Nd Neodymium 144.24	61 Pm Promethium (145)	62 Sm Samarium 150.36	63 Eu Europium 151.964	64 Gd Gadolinium 157.25	65 Tb Terbium 158.92534	66 Dy Dysprosium 162.50	67 Ho Holmium 164.93032	68 Er Erbium 167.26	69 Tm Thulium 168.93421	70 Yb Ytterbium 173.04	71 Lu Lutetium 174.967
90 Th Thorium 232.0381	91 Pa Protactinium 231.03588	92 U Uranium 238.0289	93 Np Neptunium (237)	94 Pu Plutonium (244)	95 Am Americium (243)	96 Cm Curium (247)	97 Bk Berkelium (247)	98 Cf Californium (251)	99 Es Einsteinium (252)	100 Fm Fermium (257)	101 Md Mendelevium (258)	102 No Nobelium (259)	103 Lr Lawrencium (262)

Atoms possessing certain configurations are resistant to indulging in chemical reactions.

The electrons in these atoms are not easily removed, nor can an extra electron be added easily.

Such atoms are gases at room temperature and are called inert (or noble) gases.



These atoms have a full outer shell of electrons, and make up the last column of the element table.

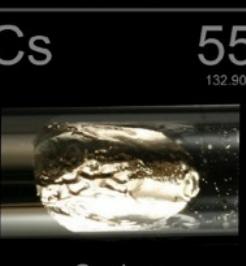
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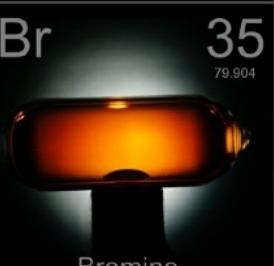
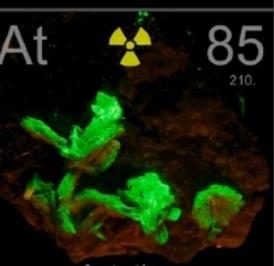
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11 Na Sodium 22.989770	12 Mg Magnesium 24.3050	13 Al Aluminum 26.981538	14 Si Silicon 28.0855	15 P Phosphorus 30.973761	16 S Sulfur 32.066	17 Cl Chlorine 35.4527	18 Ar Argon 39.948		
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+3 -/+4 -3 -2 -1 0

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	H	1	1.008
Hydrogen			
	Li	3	6.941
Lithium			
	Na	11	22.990
Sodium			
	K	19	39.098
Potassium			
	Rb	37	85.468
Rubidium			
	Cs	55	132.90
Cesium			
	Fr	87	223.
Francium			

If an atom has one outermost electron, it is relatively easy to strip that electron and make the atom positively charged. These atoms are in the first column of the periodic table.

	F	9	18.998
Fluorine			
	Cl	17	35.453
Chlorine			
	Br	35	79.904
Bromine			
	I	53	126.90
Iodine			
	At	85	210.
Astatine			
	Uus	117	?
Ununseptium			

If an atom is lacking one electron for a full outer shell, it is easy to get it to accept an extra electron and become a negatively charged atom. The atoms are in column seven of the period table.

Many chemical combinations occur because atoms of the first type (such as sodium) gives up one of its electrons to an atom of the second type (such as chlorine). Since the ionized atoms have opposite charges, they attract one another to form compounds (such as NaCl- table salt).

